Small Instrumentation Modules

SIM918 — Precision current preamplifier with autozero feature

- · Input offset voltage < 10 μ V
- · DC bias current <2 pA
- · Current gain of 10⁶ to 10⁸ V/A
- \cdot 15 fA/√Hz input noise (10⁸ V/A)
- · Autozero feature
- · Bias voltage input







SIM918 Precision Current Preamplifier

The SIM918 Current Preamplifier is ideal in applications in which the input offset voltage must be kept to a minimum. The DC voltage difference between the two inputs (current input and voltage bias) is accurately measured every two seconds, and is nulled. The result is a current amplifier with less than 10 μV input offset voltage. This autozeroing feature can be engaged or inhibited remotely or from the front panel, giving you flexibility in sensitive applications.

As a current amplifier, the SIM918 offers input noise as low as 15 fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ and adjustable current gain (10^6 to 10^8 V/A). The output voltage range is ± 10 V for all gain settings. Input bias current is less than 2 pA (DC), and the instrument has up to 22 kHz of (gain-dependent) bandwidth.

There is a voltage bias input for setting the virtual ground potential to an external DC source. This input can range over ±5 V. The bias voltage can be internally grounded.

An autozero sync input/output connection is also provided. In the internal autozeroing mode, this port provides a one pulse-per-second (pps) output synchronous with the internal switching circuitry. In the external mode, a 0.9 to 1.1 pps input signal generates the reference for synchronizing the circuitry.

The SIM918 provides maximum flexibility for cabling and grounding. The shield of the current input BNC can be switched between chassis ground, the bias voltage, or the rearpanel Program input (which can be left floating, if desired). With the Program input, a user can supply an excitation potential to an experiment via the shield conductor of the input cable, while the excited current flows through the center conductor to the SIM918. The shield of the voltage bias BNC can be independently grounded or floated.

The digital control circuitry in the SIM918 is designed with SRS's special clock-stopping architecture in which the microcontroller is turned on only when settings are being



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changed (note that the autozeroing circuitry is independent of the microcontroller, and *can* operate while the digital clock is stopped). This guarantees that no digital noise can contaminate low-level analog signals. Settings may be changed from the front panel or through the remote interface. All instrument settings can also be queried via the remote interface. The module generates a status signal to alert the user of any overload conditions.

SIM918 Specifications

Current Input

Input offset voltage $<10 \,\mu\text{V}$ (autozero enabled) Input impedance $<10 \,\Omega$ (DC), $18 \,\text{pF}$

Current gain $10^6 \text{ V/A}, 10^7 \text{ V/A} \text{ or } 10^8 \text{ V/A}$

Gain accuracy

 $\begin{array}{ll} (10^6 \, \text{V/A}) & \pm 0.1 \, \% \\ (10^7 \, \text{V/A}) & \pm 0.1 \, \% \\ (10^8 \, \text{V/A}) & \pm 2.0 \, \% \end{array}$

Gain stability

 $\begin{array}{ll} (10^6\,{\rm V/A}) & \pm 10\,{\rm ppm/^\circ C} \\ (10^7\,{\rm V/A}) & \pm 50\,{\rm ppm/^\circ C} \\ (10^8\,{\rm V/A}) & \pm 100\,{\rm ppm/^\circ C} \end{array}$

Bandwidth (typ.)

 (10^6 V/A) 22 kHz (10^7 V/A) 12 kHz (10^8 V/A) 4 kHz

Input noise (typ.)

 (10^6 V/A) $130 \text{ fA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}} \ @ 1 \text{ kHz}$ (10^7 V/A) $42 \text{ fA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}} \ @ 1 \text{ kHz}$ (10^8 V/A) $15 \text{ fA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}} \ @ 1 \text{ kHz}$

AC bias current 3.5 pA rms (w/ autozero engaged)

DC bias current <2 pA

Input BNC shield Can be tied to chassis ground, set to the rear-panel analog input (Prog), or

driven from the bias input

Bias Input

 $\begin{array}{ll} Range & \pm 5\,\mathrm{VDC} \\ Frequency \ response & 0.2\,\mathrm{Hz} \\ Input \ impedance & 10\,\mathrm{M}\Omega \\ Input \ BNC \ shield & Ground \ or \ float \end{array}$

Program Input (rear panel)

Function Connects to current input BNC

shield when selected (unbuffered)

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Range} & \pm 60 \, \text{V} \\ \text{Input impedance} & 3 \, \text{G}\Omega \ \text{(typ.)} \end{array}$

Output

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{Range} & \pm 10 \, \text{V} \\ \text{Max. current} & 100 \, \text{mA} \end{array}$

Autozero

Function select On or Hold Int. switching freq. 0.5 Hz

Ext. sync in/out 1 pulse per second (pps), TTL level.

Functions as a 1 pps sync output in

internal mode.

Sync capture range $\pm 10\%$ of 1 pps

General

Operating temperature 0 °C to 40 °C, non-condensing Interface Serial via SIM interface Connectors BNC (3 front, 2 rear)

DB15 (male) SIM interface

Power Powered by SIM900 Mainframe, or

by user-provided DC power supply

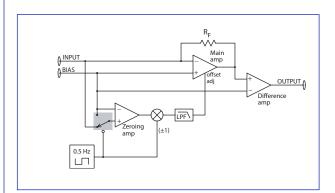
 $(\pm 15 \text{ V} \text{ and } \pm 5 \text{ V})$

Dimensions $1.5" \times 3.6" \times 7.0"$ (WHD)

Weight 1.7 lbs.

Warranty One year parts and labor on defects

in materials and workmanship



SIM918 Block Diagram

The zeroing amp measures the voltage between INPUT and BIAS, and servos the "offset adjust" of the main amplifier to minimize this difference. A slow chopping scheme is used to compensate for the offset voltage of the zeroing amp itself. The final difference amp subtracts the bias voltage from the main amplifier output, so that the output is proportional to the input current.

Ordering Information

SIM918 Precision current preamplifier \$2395



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